Due Wednesday, 10/27/99, in class.

Show your work. Problem sets will be spot graded. Work must be shown.

R = 0.08206 liter atm K^{-1} mole⁻¹ = 8.314 J K^{-1} mole⁻¹

1. We saw in class that in predicting thermodynamics of short DNA duplexes (oligonucleotide duplexes), simple analyses which simply add numbers of AT pairs, plus numbers of GC pairs, although convenient, may not provide accurate results. This results from base stacking and sequence-dependent structural variations in DNA. Go to the following WEB site:

http://www.basic.nwu.edu/biotools/oligocalc.html

and use it to calculate the melting properties of the following sequence (oligo 1):

TATATACTATATATATAGTATA ATATATGATATATATATCATAT

Compare the results with those of the following sequence (oligo 2):

TTTTTCAAAAATTTTTGAAAAA AAAAAGTTTTTAAAAAACTTTTT

Compare the "basic" and "nearest neighbor" calculations. Compare calculations for the two different duplexes.

- 2. T,S,&W Ch 5 Pb 1
- 3. T,S,&W Ch 5 Pb 5
- 4. T,S,&W Ch 5 Pb 7
- 5. T,S,&W Ch 5 Pb 16
- 6. T,S,&W Ch 5 Pb 22