WHY DETERMINE MELTING POINTS (MP'S)?

- (1) A MP IS A PHYSICAL PROPERTY OF A SOLID.
 - HELP IDENTIFY A COMPOUND.
 - CHARACTERIZE A NEW COMPOUND.
- (2) MP <u>RANGE</u> PROVIDES AN INDICATION OF THE PURITY OF A SOLID COMPOUND.
 - NARROW RANGE ----> PURE COMPOUND
 - WIDE RANGE ----> IMPURE COMPOUND

<u>FACT</u>: AN IMPURE COMPOUND MELTS OVER A WIDE RANGE <u>AND</u> AT A TEMPERATURE LOWER THAN THAT OF THE CORRESPONDING PURE COMPOUND.

- ALWAYS RECORD A MP RANGE TEMPERATURE AT WHICH THE FIRST DROP OF LIQUID APPEARS TO THE TEMPERATURE AT WHICH THE SOLID HAS COMPLETELY MELTED.
- WHEN MEASURING THE RANGE, RAISE THE TEMPERATURE VERY SLOWLY 1°C PER MINUTE